

# Space-Time Analyticity in the Heston volatility model in Mathematical Finance

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A lecture at [the Brandenburgische Technische Universität](#),  
B-TU, Cottbus – Senftenberg, Germany; October 07 – 11<sup>th</sup>, 2024, at  
[the International Workshop on Analysis and PDEs](#)

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## Abstract

We begin by a brief presentation of a well-known mathematical model for European option pricing in a market with stochastic volatility: the popular *Heston volatility model* (Rev. Financial Studies, 1993). European options are used for *market completion*. We explain the connection between a complete market and the analyticity of the weak solution to a general, strongly parabolic linear Cauchy problem of second order in  $\mathbb{R}^N \times (0, T)$  ( $N = 2$ ) with analytic coefficients (in space and time variables). The analytic smoothing property is expressed in terms of holomorphic continuation of global (weak)  $L^2$ -type solutions to the system. Given  $0 < \xi' < \infty$  and  $0 < T' < T < \infty$ , we sketch a proof that any  $L^2$ -type solution  $u : \mathbb{R}^1 \times (0, \infty) \times (0, T) \subset \mathbb{R}^2 \times (0, T) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^1$ ,  $u \equiv u(x, v, t)$ , possesses a bounded holomorphic continuation  $u(x + iy, \xi + i\eta, \sigma + i\tau)$  into a complex domain in  $\mathbb{C}^N \times \mathbb{C}$  ( $N = 2$ ) defined by  $(x, \xi, \sigma) \in \mathbb{R}^1 \times (\xi', \infty) \times (T', T)$ ,  $|y| < A'_1$ ,  $|\eta| < A'_2$ , and  $|\tau| < B'$ , where  $A'_1, A'_2, B' > 0$  are constants depending upon  $\xi'$  and  $T'$ . The proof uses the extension of a solution to an  $L^2$ -type solution in a complex domain in  $\mathbb{C}^2 \times \mathbb{C}$ , such that this extension satisfies the Cauchy-Riemann equations. The holomorphic extension is thus obtained in a (weighted) Hardy space  $H^2$ . A serious difficulty in the Heston model is that the solution is sought only in a half-space  $\mathbb{H} = \mathbb{R}^1 \times (0, \infty)$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with rather complicated dynamic boundary conditions at the boundary  $\partial\mathbb{H} = \mathbb{R}^1 \times \{0\}$ ; a similarity with the Feller boundary condition (Ann. Math., 1951) will be discussed. We avoid this trouble by a suitable choice of the weight in the weighted  $L^2$  space.

**Keywords:** Space-time analyticity, parabolic PDE;  
holomorphic continuation, Hardy space;  
market completeness, European option

**2000 Mathematics Subject Classification:** Primary 35B65, 35K10;  
Secondary 91B28, 91B70;