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Analysis and Operator Theory Seminar - Peter Takac

Tuesday, February 23, 2016 - 2:10pm to 3:00pm
Cockins 240**Title:** On Compact Support Solutions to Parabolic Problems with the p -Laplacian for $p > 2$ and Their "Counterparts" for $p < 2$ **Speaker:** [Peter Takac](#) (University Rostock, Germany)**Abstract:** The validity of the weak and strong comparison principles for degenerate parabolic partial differential equations with the p -Laplace operator $\Delta_p(u) = \operatorname{div}(|\nabla u|^{p-2}\nabla u)$ will be discussed for $p > 2$ (the "degenerate" case) and for $1 < p < 2$ (the "singular" case). This problem is reduced to the comparison of the trivial solution ($\equiv 0$, by hypothesis) with a nontrivial nonnegative solution $u(x, t)$. The

problem is closely related also to the question of uniqueness of a nonnegative solution via the weak comparison principle. In this presentation, for $p > 2$ realistic counterexamples to the uniqueness of a nonnegative solution, the weak comparison principle, and the strong maximum principle are constructed with a *nonsmooth* reaction function that satisfies neither a Lipschitz nor an Osgood standard "uniqueness" condition. Nonnegative *multi-bump* solutions with spatially disconnected compact supports and zero initial data are constructed between sub- and supersolutions that have supports of the same type. For $1 < p < 2$ we will show that a nonnegative solution $u(x, t)$ to the parabolic Cauchy problem in $\mathbb{R}^N \times (0, T)$ with nonnegative sources and nontrivial initial values $u(x, 0) \geq 0$ becomes positive immediately for any $t \in (0, T_0) \subset (0, T)$, i.e., $u(x, t) > 0$ for every $x \in \mathbb{R}^N$. Finally, we adapt this result also to the Dirichlet problem in a bounded spatial domain $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^N$ with a completely different proof based on well-known results.

[Download abstract](#) [pdf]

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